Breastfeeding and Returning to Work
CONGRATULATIONS!

You have given your baby the best possible start in life – by breastfeeding. In fact, six out of ten women in Philadelphia start out breastfeeding their infants and many of them continue after returning to work. You can too – and this booklet is designed to help you do just that.

The longer you breastfeed, the fewer illnesses your child will have and the less work you will miss. Did you know that as soon as you pick up a toy at your child’s day care, your body begins to make breast milk with antibodies to protect your baby from the germs living on that toy? That’s how great your milk is. Your child’s risk of developing diabetes and obesity also decrease with every additional month you breastfeed.

There are benefits for you too. You will continue to burn calories to help you lose your pregnancy weight easier, you will have a reduced risk of ovarian cancer later in life, and your risk of breast cancer decreases more with every additional month you breastfeed. You will also be able to provide something for your infant that no one else can provide. Your milk is not just food, it is protection. You can’t buy that in a can at the grocery store.

The American Academy of Pediatrics recommends women breastfeed their infants for at least one year.
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“I’m glad I continued breastfeeding after returning to work. I love the closeness I have with my baby when I’m breastfeeding and I love having one thing that I can do for my baby that no one else can, especially considering I’m back at work and other people are helping take care of him. Also it burns calories to help lose that pregnancy weight. Plus it’s the most natural, healthiest food my baby can have.”

Elizabeth Moorehead
Will working and breastfeeding work for me?

Moms in almost every line of work are continuing to breastfeed, including:

- College and high school students
- Teachers
- Waitresses
- Administrative staff
- Members of the Armed Forces
- Heads of corporations
- Well-known celebrities

With a little planning, you too can successfully return to work and continue breastfeeding.
Will I need a breast pump?

If you will be away from your baby long enough that you regularly miss one feeding or more, then you may need an electric breast pump.

Where can I get a breast pump?

1) Go to one of these websites to find a place to rent or buy a pump.
   www.ameda.com
   www.hygeiababy.com
   www.limerickinc.com
   www.medela.com

2) Breastfeeding moms receiving WIC who are returning to work or school full time can get a free pump from WIC.

3) Breastfeeding moms receiving Medicaid should ask their case manager about getting a pump.

“I never considered weaning because I was returning to work. It’s so easy to pump at work and it’s good to know that I’m taking care of my baby even while I’m away from her.”

Kirsy Traweek
Do I also need to know how to hand express my milk?

Every breastfeeding mom needs to learn to hand express their milk. Even if you have a pump, you never know when it might stop working or you may forget a part of the pump at home.

To hand express:

1. Use a clean container with a wide opening to collect your milk. A margarine tub works well for hand expression. With practice you can express directly into a plastic bag or bottle.

2. Wash your hands.

3. Place a warm washcloth on your breasts to help your milk flow.

4. Massage your breast to help increase the amount of milk you express. Do this by placing one hand under your breast for support. Apply gentle pressure, using a circular motion with your other hand. Massage from several starting points, always working from the chest toward the nipple. Repeat on your other breast.

5. Hold the clean container near your breast. With your other hand, place your fingers and thumb about one inch behind the nipple. Press back toward your ribs and squeeze in and down, rolling your fingers and thumb toward the nipple. This will express milk into your clean container.

6. Rotate the placement of your fingers and thumb around your nipple to empty all areas of the breast. When milk flow slows down, switch to your other breast.

Expressing your milk gets easier with practice. Practice on one breast while nursing on the other. You’ll get more milk each time. Look for “hand expressing” on www.youtube.
What steps should I take before I return to work?

- Take as long a maternity leave as you can.
- Breastfeed often to build up a good milk supply.
- When your baby is 2 to 6 weeks old, let another person feed your baby a bottle of breastmilk. This will help your baby get used to the bottle.
- Talk to your boss or to your Human Resource Department before you have your baby. Let him/her know about your plans to breastfeed. Work out a schedule with your boss so you can pump or nurse your baby at work.
- Do at least one practice run of leaving your baby with your caregiver for several hours. Do this in the morning about when you would normally go to work. Take this time to do something special for yourself; a nap, a movie, time with a friend or your spouse.
- Consider asking your employer if you can start back to work part time at first, job-share with another employee, or telecommute or work from home.
- Make your first day back to work a Thursday if you can. Having a short first week will help you and your baby adjust.
Are more employers allowing women to express their milk at work?

Yes. More employers are helping their female employees return to work and continue breastfeeding. There are several reasons for this.

❯ There are more women in the workforce than ever before.
  • Sixty percent of working women have children under age 3.
  • Seventy eight percent are employed full time.
  • The female workforce increased eighty percent over the last 20 years.

❯ More women are choosing to breastfeed:
  • In 2007, 60 percent of moms in Philadelphia chose to breastfeed their infants.
  • Approximately 20 percent continue for at least 6 months.
  • Over 15 percent continue for 12 months or longer.

❯ Most employers are aware of the health benefits of breastfeeding.

❯ By supporting breastfeeding, employers
  • reduce their health-care costs,
  • lower absenteeism,
  • improve employee morale, and
  • increase productivity.

Is my employer required by law to allow me to express my milk at work?

Yes, the Fair Labor Standards Acts (FLSA) says that “employers shall provide reasonable, unpaid break time and a private, non-bathroom space for an employee to express milk for one year after the child’s birth.”

Because of reasons of safety and hygiene, the law does not allow employers to ask mothers to pump in the bathroom.
**What is the best way to talk to my employer?**

It’s natural to be nervous when it comes to talking about breastfeeding with your employer. After all, it’s not a topic that comes up normally at the office. Here are some simple steps successful moms suggest:

1. Before talking to your employer or school, tell your family that you want to continue breastfeeding after you return and ask them for their support. Knowing you have their support will give you confidence to talk to your employer.

2. Do you know of others mother you work with who used a breast pump at work? Talk to them about how they did it.

3. Schedule an appointment with your employer to discuss your return.

4. Before your appointment, practice what you plan to say to your employer with your friends or family. This will help you ease your nerves and be prepared.

5. At your appointment:
   - Talk to your employer about pumping at work or nursing on site.
   - Explain why breastfeeding is important to you and your baby.
   - Offer to come in early and stay late to make up for the time you need to pump.
   - If possible, bring in a plan that includes how often and where you would pump and store your milk so that your employer does not have to do any work.
   - Discuss any questions or concerns your employer has.
   - Remember, your employer is required by law to allow you to express your milk at work.
What questions should I ask my employer?

1. **Is there a private space to pump? If one is not available:**
   - **Use an office.**
     If the door doesn’t lock, hang a sign outside your door when you are pumping, or ask if your employer could have a lock installed for privacy.
   - **Use a cubicle.**
     Use a shower curtain rod or wooden dowel from a hardware store to hang a large curtain outside your cubicle when you need to pump.
   - **Use a bathroom.**
     Because of reasons of safety and hygiene, the law does not allow employers to ask mothers to pump in the bathroom.

2. **Will I be able to arrange my schedule to pump at work or nurse on site?**
   - You will need to pump the same number of times that you are currently breastfeeding.
   - Most moms will need to use their morning and afternoon break times and part of their lunch hour to express their milk.
   - With a double-sided electric pump, each pumping session will take about 15-30 minutes.
   - Be prepared to offer to come in early or stay late to make up for the time.

3. **Where should I store my milk?**
   - It is safe to store breastmilk in a shared staff refrigerator.
   - An insulated bag with ice packs can be used to store freshly expressed milk for up to 24 hours.
What about child care?

- Find a child-care provider that is close to your work and supports breastfeeding.
- Visit your child-care center a few times. Touch toys and items in the center. Your milk will build up immunities to germs in the child-care center.
- Take your baby to the child-care center to get your baby used to it.

When should I start pumping?

- Start pumping and storing your milk about two weeks before returning to work.
- Pump both breasts at the same time or pump one breast while your baby is nursing on the other. You will produce more milk that way.
- If your job does not have a room for pumping, find another quiet place to pump.
- Plan to pump your milk at work as often as you would nurse your baby if you were home.
- Look at a photo of your baby while you pump at work and smell an article of her clothing.
- Listen to a recording of your baby’s voice.
- Hand-express or pump your milk before your breasts feel too full.
**How do I store my milk?**

- Wash your hands before you hand express or pump your milk.
- Label containers with the date pumped and the baby’s name.
- Use the oldest milk first.
- At work, store breastmilk in a cooler with ice packs or in the company refrigerator.
- If your bottled breastmilk smells sour, throw it out.
- Thaw breastmilk in the refrigerator, under running water that is gradually warmed, or in a cup or bowl of warm, not hot water. *Never microwave breastmilk.*

**Breastmilk storage guidelines**

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<th>Freezer</th>
<th>Deep Freezer</th>
<th>Portable Cooler with Ice Packs</th>
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<tr>
<td>Fresh Breastmilk</td>
<td>5 days</td>
<td>3 months</td>
<td>6 months</td>
<td>24 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thawed Breastmilk</td>
<td>24 hours</td>
<td>Do not refreeze</td>
<td>Do not refreeze</td>
<td>8 hours</td>
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How do I keep up a good milk supply?

▷ Breastfeeding your baby is the best way to make more milk. The more often you breastfeed, the more milk you will make. Nurse often when you and your baby are together.

▷ Be sure to pump your milk at work as often as you would nurse your baby at home.

▷ Massage your breasts while pumping. This can increase your milk supply as well as the fat content of your milk.

▷ Take good care of your breast pump. Read the pump instructions or watch the video so you know when to replace the valve or if you need to use a larger breast flange. Both of these things can affect your milk supply.

▷ Some moms will take breast milk vacations. This means taking a day or two off work so you can be together with your baby and breastfeed often for a few days in a row. This is a great way to increase milk supply.

“I was not able to pump my milk at work, but I didn’t completely wean. I breastfed her when we were together and she got my pumped milk and some formula at day care. The times that I can nurse her are so special.”

Jasmin Reed
What do I do once I return to work?

☞ Nurse your baby just before leaving for work and as soon as you pick him up from child care.

☞ Take a blanket, pillow case, or item of clothing with your scent on it to your baby’s child care. Ask your provider to drape it across your baby or wrap your baby with it when feeding a bottle. Your baby will be more likely to take a bottle if your scent is nearby.

☞ When at work, express your milk as often as your baby nurses when you are together.

☞ Your baby may want to nurse more often in the evening or whenever you are together. That is normal and will help you keep up your milk supply.

☞ Breastmilk is best, but you can combine breastfeeding with formula feeding if you need to.

☞ Speak to your peer counselor or lactation consultant right away if you have any problems or questions.

☞ Take one day at a time and be willing to try new ways to make breastfeeding a success. Be proud of all your efforts.
The Philadelphia Department of Public Health asks businesses to help working mothers to breastfeed for at least one year. To learn how to help your employer create a Breastfeeding-Friendly workplace, contact Maternity Care Coalition at 215-989-3564 or breastfeeding-friendly@momobile.org

For breastfeeding help contact:
- La Leche League 1-877-4-LALECHE
- Nursing Mothers’ Advisory Council 215-572-8044
- WIC 215-978-6100
- Philadelphia Department of Public Health 215-685-5225
- Pennsylvania Department of Public Health 1-800-994-9662
- National Breastfeeding Hotline 1-800-994-9662

Philadelphia Department of Public Health
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