PUBLIC ADVOCATE STATEMENT NO. 2R

BEFORE THE

PHILADELPHIA WATER, SEWER AND STORM WATER RATE BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF THE)	
PHILADELPHIA WATER DEPARTMENT'S)	
PROPOSED CHANGE IN WATER,)	FISCAL YEARS 2026-2027
WASTEWATER AND STORMWATER)	
RATES AND RELATED CHANGES)	

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

JEROME D. MIERZWA

ON BEHALF OF THE PUBLIC ADVOCATE

May 13, 2025

BEFORE THE

PHILADELPHIA WATER, SEWER AND STORM WATER RATE BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF THE

	PRC WA	LADELPHIA WATER DEPARTMENT'S) POSED CHANGE IN WATER,) FISCAL YEARS 2026-2027 STEWATER AND STORMWATER) TES AND RELATED CHANGES)
		Rebuttal Testimony of Jerome D. Mierzwa
1		I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>
2	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS
3		ADDRESS?
4	A.	My name is Jerome D. Mierzwa. I am a Principal at and the President of Exeter
5		Associates, Inc. ("Exeter"). My business address is 10480 Little Patuxent Parkway,
6		Suite 300, Columbia, Maryland 21044. Exeter specializes in providing public utility-
7		related consulting services.
8	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED TESTIMONY IN THIS
9		PROCEEDING?
10	A.	Yes. My direct testimony was previously submitted as Public Advocate Statement No.
11		2.
12	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
13	A.	The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to response to the direct testimony of Richard
14		A. Baudino submitted on behalf of the Philadelphia Large Users Group ("PLUG").
15	Q.	BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE WATER CLASS COST OF SERVICE
16		("CCOS") STUDY PRESENTED BY THE PHILADELPHIA WATER
17		DEPARTMENT ("PWD") IN THIS PROCEEDING.
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1	A.	The water CCOs study presented by FWD in this proceeding utilizes the base-extra
2		capacity method set forth in the American Water Work Association ("AWWA")
3		Principles of Water Rates, Fees and Charges, Manual of Water Supply Practices
4		("AWWA M1 Manual").
5	Q.	HOW DID THE PWD DEVELOP THE MAXIMUM DAY AND
6		MAXIMUM HOUR EXTRA CAPACITY FACTORS FOR THE VARIOUS
7		GENERAL RETAIL CUSTOMER CLASS INCLUDED IN ITS WATER
8		CCOS STUDY?
9	A.	As initially explained in my direct testimony, in PWD's 2023 proceeding in which rates
10		for Fiscal Years ("FYs") 2024-2025 were established, several parties including the
11		Public Advocate challenged the maximum day and maximum hour extra capacity
12		factors used by PWD in its water CCOS study because the factors inappropriately
13		utilized data dating back to FY 2012. In the 2023 proceeding the Board directed PWD
14		to perform a study of customer extra capacity usage factors prior to its next rate

The water CCOS study presented by DWD in this presending utilizes the base extra

current operating characteristics. In response to this directive PWD engaged Black & Veatch Management Consulting LLC ("Black & Veatch Management") to conduct an

proceeding and to incorporate the results of this study into the CCOS study filed by

PWD in its next rate proceeding to ensure that the CCOS study was reflective of PWD's

Advanced Metering Infrastructure ("AMI") Demand Study to determine the

appropriate maximum day and maximum hour extra capacity factors for each customer

class. The AMI Demand Study is presented as Schedule BV-4: WP-1.

However, rather than directly including the extra capacity factors determined by the AMI Demand Study in the CCOS study filed by PWD in this proceeding, as discussed in PWD Statement 7, page 49, PWD is proposing to phase-in the AMI

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¹ See 2023 General Rate Proceeding Rate Determination dated June 21, 2023 at 38.

Demand Study capacity factors in its COSS study. More specifically, for FY 2026, PWD is proposing moving 25% of the way towards the new extra capacity factors as determined by the AMI Demand Study, and for FY 2027, PWD is proposing to move 50% of the way towards the AMI Demand Study factors. PWD is proposing to phase-in adoption of the AMI Demand Study factors due to the significant impact the new factors would have on the cost-of-service of the various customer classes. A comparison of the various customer class extra capacity factors utilized to set rates in the 2023 rate proceeding and the factors determined by the AMI Demand Study is presented in Schedule BV-4: WP-2, Table 1.

Q. IN YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY DID YOU AGREE WITH PWD'S PROPOSAL TO PHASE IN THE AMI DEMAND STUDY FACTORS IN ITS CCOS STUDY?

No. As explained in greater detail in my direct testimony, the demand factors included in PWD's CCOS study were not reflective of the actual current maximum day and maximum hour usage characteristics of the customer classes served by PWD. Therefore, PWD's CCOS study did not reasonably reflect the cost of serving the various customers classes served by PWD. In my direct testimony I explained that I understood PWD's desire to mitigate the significant impact of adopting the AMI Demand Study factors in this proceeding. However, I noted that mitigation of the impact should be accomplished through the class revenue allocation and rate design process and mitigation should not be accomplished by distorting the results of PWD's CCOS study. In my direct testimony I presented a CCOS study utilizing the AMI Demand Study factors and presented a class revenue allocation based on the results of my CCOS study that provided for mitigation.

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1	Q.	DOES MR. BAUDINO AGREE WITH PWD'S PHASED APPROACH TO
2		ADOPTING THE RESULTS OF THE AMI DEMAND STUDY?
3	A.	Yes. Mr. Baudino notes that the AMI Demand Study is based on only one year of data
4		from 2023, and that the maximum day and maximum hour extra-capacity factors could
5		vary substantially from year to year. Therefore, Mr. Baudino recommends that the
6		Board avoid fully implementing the results of the AMI Demand Study in this
7		proceeding.
8	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR RESPONSE TO MR. BAUDINO'S
9		RECOMMENDATION?
10	A.	If the Board does not fully implement the results of the AMI Demand Study in PWD's
11		CCOS study, the CCOS study will not reasonably reflect the current cost of serving the
12		various customer classes served by PWD. Under PWD's proposed 25% phase-in of the
13		AMI Demand Study factors for FY 2026, the maximum day and maximum hour extra
14		capacity utilized in PWD's CCOS study will be based 75% on estimates of customer
15		usage patterns which date back to 2012, and only 25% based on actual usage patterns.
16		As shown in Tables 1 and 4 in my direct testimony, fully adopting the AMI
17		Demand Study factors in the CCOS study would reduce the cost of service of the
18		Residential, Senior Citizens, Housing Authority, and Hand Billed customer classes. In
19		this proceeding, to maintain gradualism, I have proposed a class revenue allocation
20		which assigns 50% of the cost-of-service reduction determined to be appropriate by
21		the Board to PWD's initial revenue requirement claim in this proceeding to these four
22		classes. Therefore, in the future, if additional data indicates that different maximum
23		day and maximum hour extra-capacity factors are appropriate, class revenue
24		allocations can be readily modified to reflect different extra-capacity factors without

significant rate volatility.

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1	Q.	MR. BAUDINO RECOMMENDS A CLASS REVENUE ALLOCATION
2		UNDER WHICH THE INDUSTRIAL AND HOSPITAL/UNIVERSITY
3		CLASSES RECEIVE A LOWER THAN SYSTEM AVERAGE INCREASE.
4		DO YOU AGREE WITH THIS RECOMMENDATION?
5	A.	No. Mr. Baudino's recommendation is based on PWD's CCOS study which provides
6		for a 25% phase-in of the AMI Demand Study factors. The class revenue allocations in
7		this proceeding should be based on the CCOS study I have presented which adopts the
8		AMI Demand Study factors, adjusted to assign 50% of the cost of service reduction
9		determined to be appropriate by the Board to the Residential, Senior Citizens, Housing
10		Authority, and Hand Billed customer classes as previously discussed.
11	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
12	A.	Yes, it does.