NON-RESIDENT EMPLOYEE EARNINGS ALLOCATION AND/OR DEDUCTIBLE EMPLOYEE BUSINESS EXPENSES REPORT INSTRUCTIONS

If Wage tax was overwithheld by your employer, do not file this return. File the Employee Wage Tax Refund Petition.

Allocated Compensation: A <u>nonresident of Philadelphia</u> receiving compensation for services performed both in and out of Philadelphia may allocate that compensation by completing Page 2 of the Annual Reconciliation of Earnings Tax Return.

You must enclose copies of your W-2 forms containing Federal, Medicare, State and Local Wages. If you worked a partial year in Philadelphia, fill in the beginning and ending dates. Page 2, Line 2A should only reflect the number of days/hours employed.

Line 2B - Non-workdays/Hours: During a period of sickness or disability, if you receive your regular salary, the salary is considered to be taxable compensation. If you receive worker's compensation or a plan in lieu of worker's compensation where the amount received is less than your regular salary, the compensation <u>is not</u> subject to Philadelphia Wage Tax. Non-workdays include Saturday, Sunday, vacation, holidays, leave, sick days, and any day you do not actually work. Include 104 days for Saturday and Sunday if you work a 5 day week.

Line 2C: If computing overtime, fill in hours **and** include overtime hours in Line 2A.

Line 2G/4E - Expenses: Entries on Lines 2G and 4E must be supported by Federal Form 2106. If unreimbursed employee expenses are claimed on Federal Schedule A, you must also include Schedule A. Photocopies are acceptable. Expenses are deductible if the total expenses are reduced by any amounts reimbursed by your employer and they are ordinary, necessary and reasonable.

Examples of expenses which are not deductible are: transportation to and from work, certain educational expenses, dues, subscriptions, and pension plan contributions. You must be a **Statutory Employee** as indicated on your W-2 form to claim Federal Schedule C expenses. Otherwise, you must obtain a Philadelphia Business Tax Account Number and file Business Income & Receipts/Net Profits Tax returns. If you are not a Statutory Employee and you want to claim Federal Schedule C expenses, do not file the Earnings Tax Reconciliation return. To obtain a Business Tax Account Number application, refer to the contact information on Instruction Sheet A.

Line 5 - Total Non-taxable Gross Compensation: Enter the total of Line 5 on Page 1, Line 2.

Line 6 - Taxable Gross Compensation: Residents enter Column A on Page 1, Line 4 or Line 5 if eligible for Income-based rate; Column B on Page 1, Line 7 or Line 8 if eligible for Income-based rate. Nonresidents enter Column A on Page 1, Line 10 or Line 11 if eligible for Income-based rate; Column B on Page 1, Line 13 or Line 14 if eligible for Income-based rate.

Wage Taxes Paid or Payable to Other Jurisdictions Within Pennsylvania

Residents of Philadelphia are required to pay Philadelphia Wage Tax on all salaries, wages and compensation regardless of where that compensation was earned. Philadelphia residents employed in other localities in Pennsylvania should instruct their employers <u>not</u> to withhold other local income taxes from their compensation.

Nonresidents of Philadelphia residing in Pennsylvania and employed within the City of Philadelphia must pay the Philadelphia Wage tax on all compensation earned in Philadelphia. Nonresident compensation not subject to Philadelphia Wage Tax (due to services rendered outside of Philadelphia) may be subject to taxation in the employee's home jurisdiction.

Wage Taxes Paid or Payable to Other Jurisdictions Outside Of Pennsylvania

Residents of Philadelphia whose wages are subject to the taxes of local jurisdictions outside of Pennslyvania, can take a credit against the Earnings Tax due on line 17 of page 1 of the Earnings Tax Return. Include a copy of the W-2 showing the tax paid to the other jurisdiction.

Reciprocal Agreements (Employment in/or Residents of States other than Pennsylvania)

The City of Philadelphia is not a party to any reciprocal tax agreements with any other state or political subdivision thereof.

Nonresidents of Pennsylvania cannot claim a tax credit against Philadelphia Wage Tax for income taxes paid to any other state or political subdivision. Residents of Philadelphia employed outside of Pennsylvania may be required to file and pay a local income tax in that jurisdiction in addition to Philadelphia Wage Tax.